the provisions of the disputes clause included in health benefits contracts, OPM delegates this function to the Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals.

 $[40~{\rm FR}~50023,~{\rm Oct.}~28,~1975;~40~{\rm FR}~55829,~{\rm Dec.}~2,~1975.~{\rm Redesignated}~{\rm at}~44~{\rm FR}~37895,~{\rm June}~29,~1979~{\rm and}~45~{\rm FR}~23637,~{\rm Apr.}~8,~1980]$

§890.107 Court review.

- (a) A suit to compel enrollment under §890.102 must be brought against the employing office that made the enrollment decision.
- (b) A suit to review the legality of OPM's regulations under this part must be brought against the Office of Personnel Management.
- (c) Federal Employees Health Benefits (FEHB) carriers resolve FEHB claims under authority of Federal statute (5 U.S.C. chapter 89). A covered individual may seek judicial review of OPM's final action on the denial of a health benefits claim. A legal action to review final action by OPM involving such denial of health benefits must be brought against OPM and not against the carrier or carrier's subcontractors. The recovery in such a suit shall be limited to a court order directing OPM to require the carrier to pay the amount of benefits in dispute.
- (d) An action under paragraph (c) of this section to recover on a claim for health benefits:
- (1) May not be brought prior to exhaustion of the administrative remedies provided in §890.105;
- (2) May not be brought later than December 31 of the 3rd year after the year in which the care or service was provided; and
- (3) Will be limited to the record that was before OPM when it rendered its decision affirming the carrier's denial of benefits.

[61 FR 15179, Apr. 5, 1996]

§ 890.108 Will OPM waive requirements for continued coverage during retirement?

(a) Under 5 U.S.C. 8905(b), OPM may waive the eligibility requirements for health benefits coverage as an annuitant for an individual when, in its sole discretion, it determines that due to exceptional circumstances it would be against equity and good conscience not

to allow a person to be enrolled in the FEHB Program as an annuitant.

- (b) The individual's failure to satisfy the eligibility requirements must be due to exceptional circumstances. An individual requesting a waiver must provide OPM with evidence that:
- (1) The individual intended to have FEHB coverage as an annuitant (retiree):
- (2) The circumstances that prevented the individual from meeting the requirements of 5 U.S.C. 8905(b) were beyond the individual's control; and
- (3) The individual acted reasonably to protect his or her right to continue coverage into retirement.

[72 FR 19100, Apr. 17, 2007]

§ 890.109 Exclusion of certain periods of eligibility when determining continued coverage during retirement.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, periods during which temporary employees are eligible under 5 U.S.C. 8906a to receive health benefits by enrolling and paying the full subscription charge, but are not eligible to participate in a retirement system, are not considered when determining eligibility for continued coverage during retirement. For the purpose of continuing coverage during retirement, an employee is considered to have enrolled at his or her first opportunity if the employee registered to be enrolled when he or she received a permanent appointment entitling him or her to participate in a retirement system and to receive the Government contribution toward the health benefits premium payments.
- (b) A temporary employee eligible under 5 U.S.C. 8906a may continue enrollment as a compensationer if he or she has been enrolled or covered as a family member under another enrollment under this part for:
- (1) The 5 years of service immediately preceding the commencement of his or her monthly compensation; or
- (2) During all periods of service since his or her first opportunity to enroll, if less than 5 years. For the purpose of this paragraph, an employee is considered to have enrolled at his or her first opportunity if the employee registered